PEACE AND SECURITY COUNCIL
946TH MEETING
17 SEPTEMBER 2020
ADDIS ABABA, ETHIOPIA

PSC/PR/ COMM.(CMXLVI)

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Adopted by the Peace and Security Council (PSC) of the African Union (AU), at its 946th meeting held on 17 September 2020, on the situation in Mali,

The Peace and Security Council,

*Taking note* of the opening remarks made by the Permanent Representative of the Republic of Djibouti to the AU and Chairperson of the PSC, for the month of September 2020, Ambassador Mohamed Idriss Farah, as well as the statement of the AU Commissioner for Peace and Security, Ambassador Smail Chergui, and the presentation made by the AU High Representative for Mali and Sahel, H.E. Former President Pierre Buyoya; *also taking note* of the statement made by the Permanent Representative of the Republic of Ghana to the African Union, Ambassador Amma A. Twum-Amoah, on behalf of the Chair of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), as well as the statement made by the representative of the ECOWAS Commission;

*Recalling* its previous communiques and press statements on the situation in Mali and in the Sahel region, in particular, Communiqué [PSC/PR/COMM.(CMXII)] adopted at its 941st meeting, held on 19 August 2020 and Communiqué [PSC/PR/COMM.(CMXXXVIII)] adopted at its 938th meeting, held on 29 July 2020;

*Reaffirming* its commitment to upholding the AU Constitutive Act, the Protocol Relating to the Establishment of the Peace and Security Council of the African Union, the 2000 Lomé Declaration on Unconstitutional Changes of Government, the African Charter on Democracy, Elections and Governance, as well as the 2009 Ezulwini Framework for the Enhancement of the Implementation of AU Measures in Situations of Unconstitutional Changes of Government;

*Also reaffirming* the unwavering commitment of the AU to respect the sovereignty, unity and the territorial integrity of Mali, as well as the AU solidarity with the people and Government of Mali;

*Deeply concerned* about the adverse impact of the current political crisis on the pre-existing security, economic and humanitarian situation in Mali, including on the current fight against the COVID-19 pandemic;

*Mindful* of the need for Malian stakeholders to honour their commitment to the full implementation of the Peace and Reconciliation Agreement in Mali of 2015, issuing from the Algiers Process, which remains the only viable framework to comprehensively address the plethora of socio-economic, governance, security challenges and policies facing the country, as well as in favour of the ECOWAS led process in addressing the recent political challenges following a coup d’état of 18 August 2020.

Acting under Article 7 of its Protocol, the Peace and Security Council,

1. *Commends* ECOWAS for its continued leadership and engagement towards an early restoration of constitutional order in Mali;
2. **Endorses** the Communique of the 57th Ordinary Session of ECOWAS Authority of Heads of State and Government, held on 7 September 2020, as well as in the Communique of the Meeting of the ECOWAS Heads of State and Government with the National Committee for the Salvation of the People (CNSP) of Mali, held on 15 September 2020, in Accra, Ghana, in line with Article 16 of the PSC Protocol;

3. **Also commends** the AU High Representative for Mali and the Sahel, H.E. former President, Pierre Buyoya, as well as the ECOWAS Mediator and Special Envoy, H.E. Dr. Goodluck Ebele Jonathan, former President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, for all the efforts to find a sustainable political solution in Mali and **assures** him of support;

4. **Congratulates** H.E. Nana Akufo-Addo, President of the Republic of Ghana, on his assumption of the Chairmanship of the ECOWAS Authority of Heads of State and Government, on 7 September 2020;

5. **Welcomes** the release of former President Ibrahim Boubacar Kéïta and **demands** the CNSP to urgently and unconditionally release all remaining political prisoners, including former Prime Minister Boubou Cissé and other dignitaries;

6. **Endorses** the ECOWAS decision on the 18-month period for the Malian political transition; and in this context, **looks forward** to the swift implementation of the decisions in order for the transitional process to immediately commence;

7. **Categorically rejects** any attempt by the military to lead or influence the Malian Transition; **reiterates its call** for the immediate formation of a civilian-led transitional government and, in this regard, **expresses full support** to the ECOWAS decision that both, the President and the Prime Minister of the Transition should be civilians and that, the transition Vice-President must be responsible for security and defense matters;

8. **Also reiterates its call** for all Malian political actors to embrace genuine and inclusive dialogue within the frameworks of the Peace and Reconciliation Agreement in Mali of 2015, issuing from the Algiers Process and the ECOWAS led mediation process, as the only approaches for comprehensively addressing the current challenges facing the country;

9. **Requests** the Chairperson of the Commission, working in close collaboration with the ECOWAS Commission, urgently contribute to the activation of the Follow-Up-Committee, as called for by the ECOWAS Authority of Heads of State and Government, with a view to assisting the Malian political actors and stakeholders to expedite the process of restoring normal constitutional order in their country;

10. **Strongly condemns** the continued terrorist activities, including the recent attacks against international forces, especially the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in Mali (MINUSMA) troops, as well as attacks against the Malian Armed Forces; **further condemns** the intercommunal violence in the Circles de Koro, Bandiagara and Bankass-Mopti region;

11. **Calls**, once again, upon MINUSMA and other partners to continue supporting the Malian stakeholders, including the implementation of the 2015 Peace Agreement;
12. **Reiterates its concern** regarding the deteriorating socio-economic situation in Mali, exacerbated by both the impact of COVID-19 pandemic, as well as by non-discriminatory economic sanctions that effect ordinary Malian citizens; in this regard, **appeals** to the international community to continue providing all possible necessary support to the people of Mali in addressing the challenges facing their country;

13. **Underscores** the imperative for Africa Centers for Decease Control and Prevention to continue providing support to the Government of Mali in the fight against the COVID-19 pandemic;

14. **Requests** the Chairperson of the Commission to provide regular updates to Council, as may be required, on the evolution of the situation in Mali to enable Council to take appropriate decisions; and

15. **Decides** to remain actively seized of the matter.